

COUNTY LIST IS A STRONG CARD

Democratic Convention Selects Best Men for Public Offices.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET WEAK

Dr. Raymond Withdraws From Fear of the Knife—Kakiala a Candidate.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Mayor—Jos. J. Fern.
Supervisors—W. H. McClellan, Robt. Pahau, M. E. Silva, Isela Kikahiki, Lester Petrie, M. C. Pacheco and H. H. Plummer.
Sheriff—W. P. Jarrett.
Treasurer—R. H. Trent.
Attorney—Wade Warren Thayer.
Clerk—Chas. Baker.
Auditor—J. C. Anderson.

DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

Honolulu—Chas. H. Rose, Ewa—J. Kulmann, Waiāluā—Thos. Clark, Waiānane—Thos. Gilliland, Kōkaloa—Henry J. Kalawai, Kōkaloa—R. W. Davis.

SENATE.

B. G. Riverburgh, Judge Edings and Jack Kakiala, long term.
Eddie Hanapi, short term.

HOUSE.

Fourth District—E. H. F. Wolter, G. K. Keawehakau, G. Benvedos, H. G. Moore, Fred Turill, Sol. Meheula.
Fifth District—Ed. Lika, S. Kaohiele, D. Kupahe, J. M. Poo-poe, Gus Kelelohanu, Luka Ke-likipi.

After struggling for fourteen hours, the Democratic county convention produced the above ticket yesterday, with Mayor Joe Fern at the head of the ticket and many other of the former candidates and present officeholders again listed as candidates. On the whole it was a harmonious convention—on the surface—but underneath the situation was stirred by a few incidents which brought wrath and ill-feeling in their wake.

Doctor Raymond was knifed in the senatorial race, and he took the precaution to withdraw his name and was unsparing in his condemnation of the coterie of politicians who were responsible for shaping things so that he would be swept aside. Doctor Raymond laid his marooning to Lord Raymond Wilson and others. The withdrawal of Doctor Raymond left the ticket lacking a very popular candidate, for it had been conceded among Republicans that Doctor Raymond would be a factor of strength if he was put up by the Democrats on the senatorial ticket.

Then during the afternoon the wheel-horses were busy preventing A. V. Gear from gaining any strength in the balloting for house candidates. Democrats freely classed A. V. Gear as a renegade—one who dropped out of the Republican party and entered the Democratic ranks at the eleventh hour merely to seek office through the latter. It was reported among the members of the Republican convention that Gear had been elected a member of the Republican ranks, caused a rush of opposition to his candidacy, although he had a crowd of workers engaged in giving him a political reputation. When it came to the voting, Gear was snowed under.

The legislative ticket is not considered one of very great drawing power. In fact, it is weak compared with the Republican nominees, although there are individuals in the list who are popular. The fifth district house ticket is weak. The fourth has some material a little better. For the senate the Democrats have chosen Judge Edings, Bertram Riverburgh, Jack Kakiala and Eddie Hanapi.

Their ticket has the same old candidates in the running, their strongest men and men who have already captured the offices they hold. Fern is nominated to succeed himself as mayor, Jarrett as sheriff, Rose as deputy sheriff, Trent as treasurer, while Charley Baker, the popular police captain, has been chosen to enter the lists against D. Kalanokalani, Jr., who is entrenched in the office of county clerk.

The Democrats believe they have a strong supervisory ticket. Lester Petrie is considered the principal drawing card.

Attorney E. M. Watson, as permanent chairman, handled the convention in a singularly successful manner, considering that he was in charge of a gathering of the Unaffiliated. Link McCandless hovered in the vicinity of delegations he wished to keep steady and in accordance with his wishes, and when ever a member seemed ready to jump the traces Link was always there with a soothing hand on his shoulder and a soft word to turn away his wrath, and generally succeeded.

GET IT TODAY.

Every family should be provided with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at this season of the year. Attacks of bowel complaint nearly always come on suddenly, and when this remedy is at hand all danger may be avoided. For sale by all dealers. Hanson, Smith & Co. agents for Hawaii.



STUNG!

MOTHER AND BABE PRIME WITNESSES

Lu Etta Smith Traveling to San Francisco to Condemn Doctor Burke.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

Unextradited, unarrested, but shadowed, Lu Etta Smith, unmarried mother of as sturdy and as handsome a straw-headed baby boy as ever tried to scratch his mama's eyes out with a silver tablespoon, even in the presence of a detective and a reporter, is going back across the Pacific Ocean voluntarily to testify in San Francisco against the man or fiend who is alleged to have attempted her life by dynamite—her life and the life of the child.

Dr. William P. Burke of California is accused of attempting to kill by an explosion of dynamite at Burke's sanatorium this same woman and her baby who are now passengers aboard the Chiyo Maru bound for San Francisco.

She was sent out of the United States, bribed to get out of the United States as the police express the situation, and she went to the Orient, passing through Honolulu last April. It was supposed by the Burke interests that she would never go back again.

"I never intended to go back to California," said Lu Etta Smith, who is traveling under the name of "Mrs. Long," to an Advertiser reporter yesterday afternoon, "but in Japan I ran short of money. I knew of no way to make any money and I saw the opportunity of returning to California and telling all I know about Doctor Burke and the woman who was a patient of his and who claimed to be a friend of mine. No, I am not afraid to go back. I intend to tell the truth, all the truth; and I don't care whom it hurts. The guilty must suffer and I have made up my mind to tell everything I know."

"I am going to San Francisco of my own free will. The money that I am spending for the passage of my child and myself across the Pacific was raised for us by some kind-hearted people in Japan who saw that we were in a sad plight. I can not say that I have any home in California, for really I have no home, but at least I am going to see this case through and have everything settled."

Burke's sanatorium is at Santa Rosa, Sonoma county, California, and Miss Lu Etta Smith, traveling under the name of Mrs. Long, was a nurse in that sanatorium. Burke did her a wrong, according to the story. Later she went to the hospital and, when out of the hospital, she was approached by a woman who had seemed to be a friend of hers, a woman whom she still believes to be her friend, or says so at least, which woman gave her five hundred dollars with which to go to the far East, or anywhere she wished to go, to get her out of the way, the woman promising to send Miss Smith money from time to time. Miss Smith, or Lu Etta, was informed that it would be difficult for her to cash a check or draft in the Orient unless she was identified, so she says, and, that she might be properly identified, the woman friend of Doctor Burke who is the enemy of Lu Etta, stated that it would be necessary for Lu Etta to sign a number of blanks which would be filled in afterwards with the details of her description.

"I want to know," said Lu Etta to the Advertiser reporter yesterday afternoon, aboard the Chiyo Maru, in the presence of Chief of Detectives Arthur McDuffie, "what it was I signed. I think I have been tricked."

"This woman was forever trying to get me to write a letter exonerating Doctor Burke of the alleged crime of trying to dynamite me and the child. I fought and I protested, and I declared that I would never sign any such document, and finally they gave up trying to make me sign anything, but when this woman, whom I thought to be a friend of mine—and she really acted very friendly to me—gave me five hundred dollars, which she declared came

out of her own pocket, and gave me the opportunity of taking an extended trip which I thought would be for the benefit of my health, I was taken off my guard. And when she told me that it would be necessary for me to have letters of identification in order to cash checks in the Orient, I signed some blank forms, or what I thought to be blank forms, of identification. Now I wonder what they did with those blank forms. I am afraid that they may have put something besides the identification in those forms, and I wonder what it was they put in."

Lu Etta pushed back the straw locks from her wearied brow and endeavored to keep her husky baby from sticking the silver spoon in her eye. She is very fond of her child, which can hardly be wondered at when it is hers, and a smart little cherub into the bargain. He wasn't in the least bit afraid of the reporter, nor even of the big chief of detectives.

Lu Etta herself has gotten over worrying. She seems to welcome the going to San Francisco with relief, though in the intricacies of human indiscrepancy it was necessary for the local police to keep watch on her here, for she might not have been as poor as she said she was, nor as anxious to go to San Francisco as she said she was.

Lu Etta said she didn't want to talk to a reporter, though she did just the same. She said that in San Francisco some fellow had said he was a reporter and she unbursed her soul to him, and then found out that he was an attorney-at-law representing the side of the case opposite to her own.

Lu Etta was accosted aboard the Chiyo Maru, as soon as the vessel docked, by Chief of Detectives McDuffie, who gently asked her to do him the favor of adjourning to a quiet portion of the ship. Evidently Lu Etta anticipated an interview with the police, although she asked no questions. She followed the detective to a sofa in a companionway aft, and there expressed no surprise when he exhibited his authority by a display of a communication from the sheriff of Sonoma county, California, asking that she be watched here, information having been received that she was voluntarily on her way to "Frisco" to testify. There she told as much of her story as is above recorded, saying that she was bound home to see that justice was done.

Lu Etta was, on the Coast, charged with perjury and with accepting a bribe, that is to say she was charged with not telling the truth about the dynamite case and with accepting money to get out of the country. Burke was to have been tried on September 1. Santa Rosa authorities were negotiating with Japan for extradition of the important witness, Lu Etta, but she is going back willingly, unless she has some great scheme of evading the issue. McDuffie was notified by the Sonoma county sheriff and he at once identified the lady and her child aboard the Chiyo. The Sonoma county sheriff had been advised from Yokohama.

Lu Etta passed through here in April aboard the S. S. China. There was a report that she was hiding here, but it was the sister of Burke who was here for a time. She may have started the false rumor. Friends of Lu Etta took up a subscription in Japan to send her home.

The child of Lu Etta is also alleged to be the offspring of Doctor Burke. Burke is charged with attempting to kill Lu Etta at his sanatorium early this year, and also with performing a criminal operation. She almost died in hospital.

Miss Lu Etta Smith was a student at the University of California when she met Doctor Burke, who conducts the health resort at Burke's near Santa Rosa. She was the chief witness for the State after a mysterious dynamite explosion, which nearly killed her, she slept in a tent at the sanatorium. Burke was indicted on the count of having fired the explosive.

Sometime after the dynamiting episode the woman left Sonoma county and went to Berkeley. Subsequently she disappeared from Berkeley, and was next located in Japan.

Following is the official description of Lu Etta Smith, upon which Chief of Detectives McDuffie yesterday identified her and advised her to continue her journey to San Francisco:

Lu Etta Smith, aged forty years, brown hair, which is rather thin and poorly kept, small blue eyes, long pointed chin, tall, angular, raw-boned, ungainly appearance, good talker, nervous and light-hearted. Above picture a

good likeness, where she is dressed in a wrapper. Has male child sixteen months old, with light hair, light complexion, full faced, as shown by above picture. The mother has poor health. She has a rather slovenly appearance.

Lu Etta Smith formerly was a nurse at Burke's Sanatorium, Santa Rosa, Sonoma county, California, U. S. A. She is unmarried; child supposed to be child of Dr. W. P. Burke, who is charged with having attempted to blow her up with dynamite on the fifth day of February, 1910, at the above sanatorium, while she and the child were asleep in a tent. She is important witness in the case. She was furnished money to escape and secretly left San Francisco April 19, 1910, on S. S. China and went ashore at Yokohama, where she was last heard from. It is probable she may arrive at your city. We have charge against her for perjury and accepting bribes, both being felonies. Extradition can be procured on locating her. Fifty dollars reward for apprehension.

Note—Please keep this circular. We may send you cablegram at any time. If you locate, arrest and wire briefly at our expense. J. K. SMITH, Sheriff of Sonoma County, Santa Rosa, California, U. S. A. June 28, 1910.

LINK WOULD MAKE THE LAW CONSTITUTIONAL

"Republicans criticize our Democratic plank in regard to the corporations' two-per-cent special income tax," said Candidate L. L. McCandless who wants to become congressional delegate. "They say it's only a bargain between the corporations and government and can be ended at any time."

"The supreme court has declared constitutional the two-per-cent income tax, and if the Republicans say the special income tax is not binding we add the special tax to the regular and make it four per cent."

When asked if this wouldn't be an injustice to the salaried man, Deacon Trent said the exempted amount could be raised to protect him.

"SECOND DELEGATE" ARRIVES FOR VISIT

Well pleased with the year's work in the Nation's capital as far as Hawaii is concerned George B. McClellan, private secretary of Delegate Kubie, arrived yesterday on the Sierra. This is his periodical visit to the Islands to gain a fuller knowledge of current local events than he can by the constant correspondence which is kept up between Hawaii's representatives and the mercantile commercial and official bodies of the Islands.

The passing of the amendments to the Organic Act, the reinstatement of the larger Pearl Harbor clauses and the money for the extension of the Makaha site have given Mr. McClellan cause to be satisfied with what has been accomplished for Hawaii by Hawaii's workers, himself not inconspicuous among them.

While here he will acquaint himself at first hand with the Makaha site question in view of any further complications that may arise locally or in Washington.

James Fitzharris, implicated in the assassination of Lord Frederick Cavendish and T. B. Burke, died in Dublin prison.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded.—Made by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Saint Louis, U. S. A.

ONE MULE AND SOME POLITICIANS

The Weird Story of Why Chas. Kaanoo Is to Be Pinched for Forgery.

This is the story of a Mule, some politicians and an alleged forger. The Mule is nameless, though she may be Maud. The politicians are County Attorney Cathcart; his deputy, A. M. Brown; Eugene Buffandeau; Makalena, the \$500 politician; a man named Lincola who pretends to be a political power in Kohala; and the alleged forger, Kaanoo, recently a deputy in the office of the territorial treasurer but discharged last July for living beyond his means.

The Mule, although nameless, is nevertheless one of the important persons in the drama.

To bring the story up to date, before going into ancient history, Deputy United States Marshal David K. Sherwood sailed by the Mauna Loa yesterday for Lahaina, en route to Pukoo, Molokai, to arrest Charles Kaanoo, who is charged with having forged the signature of George Makalena to a money order for \$50.

"This is where the Mule comes in. Some time last May, it seems, George Makalena, who later became famous as the \$500 politician of Manoa Valley, decided that he needed a mule. But he didn't have enough money to buy a mule. By dint of frisking his pockets he was able to dig up \$20. But the Mule upon which he had set his heart, a resident of Molokai, was valued by its owner at fifty bucks. Makalena not only didn't have that amount but he didn't know where to get it. But he still had a few ideas. Recollecting that within a few months a political campaign was coming on, he went to Eugene Buffandeau and told him his troubles. Buffandeau saw the point and came through to the tune of ten bones.

That helped some but it wasn't enough, so Makalena called on County Attorney John Cathcart and told him the Mule story. Cathcart sympathized to the tune of fifteen bucks.

Still Makalena was short, so he paid a friendly call on A. M. Brown, Cathcart's deputy, and talked Mule to him. Brown loosened up for a few more simoleons. Lorrin Andrews was equally generous and dug down into his jeans.

That gave Makalena the value of the Mule and he went back joyfully to Buffandeau and told him the glad news. Buff was overjoyed and volunteered to handle the financial transaction for the Manoa statesman, who promptly consented.

Buffandeau sent a money order for \$50 to the owner of the Mule, who lived on Molokai. To be exact both the Mule and his owner lived on the island.

But in the mean time, the Mule had eloped and when the fifty arrived, the Mule was not there. So his disappointed owner had to send the fifty bucks back.

Makalena went to Buffandeau and told him about it. Buff said he had received the money, but because the county treasurer or the county clerk or some other county officer was temporarily short of funds, he had loaned the fifty out. But he would get it at once.

He did, by going to a politician or two. Meantime Makalena had found another mule that could be bought for fifty simoleons. This mule resided in Kohala, and his owner was willing to part with him, though reluctantly, because of his excellent qualities and cheerful disposition.

So, at the solicitation of the Manoa man, Buffandeau sent the fifty to William George Lincoln of Kohala, the owner of the mule. Lincoln replied with fair promptitude that the mule with fair Makalena's at that price, but that if Makalena wanted it, he would have to send a man to get it.

At this Makalena demurred; it would cost nearly as much to send for the mule as the mule was worth. No mule for him. He wanted his money back, and so informed Lincoln.

Makalena waited several weeks, but failed to get any fifty bucks. So at last he wrote to the faithless mule owner and demanded the return of the money. He received in return a very surprised letter, in which Lincoln said that he had long ago sent back the fifty.

This caused an investigation to be made, and it was discovered that the postoffice had cashed a fifty-dollar money order for Makalena. Further investigation proved that Makalena was not the man who had received the money, and still other research brought out the allegation that the man who got the fifty was Charles Kaanoo, who had gone to Molokai.

A warrant for the arrest of Kaanoo was therefore sworn to, as Kaanoo will be arrested on a charge of having forged a name to a money order.

Kaanoo was, up to June 1, an employee of the territorial treasurer's office, but was discharged because Treasurer Conkling discovered that the man was living far beyond his salary, and also that he had drawn checks on banks where he had no deposit. Mr. Conkling says that Kaanoo's accounts were perfectly straight when he left the government service, but in view of the fact that he had easy access to about two million dollars, it was resolved, in view of his habits, to get rid of him.

The mule, which figures so largely in the matter, is still somewhat of a hypothetical question. Although it has been paid for twice, there is still no mule. The politicians still remain. In fact, they are ever with us.

MORE RED TAPE.

Secretary Mott-Smith has submitted his annual report to the Governor. The report, which takes up very many large pages consisting chiefly of statistics, suggestions and other kinds of figures, is doubtlessly filed with a red ribbon.

Brasil has asked the German government for officers to instruct Brazil in army.

BALLINGER IS READY TO QUIT

Puts His Whole Case Up to the Cabinet and Promises to Resign if Not Upheld.

MEETING WILL BE CALLED

Country-Wide Protests Force Official Action—Last Trial of His Policies.

BEVERLY, September 17.—Secretary of the Interior Ballinger, assailed with a storm of disapprobation from the entire country, has been forced to put his whole case up to the cabinet with the assurance that if it does not sustain him in his policies, he will resign his position.

This statement was made today from the "summer capital" authoritatively. A midvacation meeting of the cabinet will be held as soon as possible to consider this new feature of the Ballinger matter, the strongly unfavorable report of the Democrats and insurgents on the Ballinger investigation committee forcing official action.

Ballinger states that unless the advisers of President Taft fully uphold him he will resign, according to the demands of many insurgent States as expressed at the late primaries. This will probably mean that the charges of Gifford Pinchot and Glavis as presented to the congressional committee that investigated them, will be again gone over in substance.

EPIDEMIC FIGURES SHOW REAL HORRORS

ST. PETERSBURG, September 17.—The resume of the cholera epidemic that has swept over Russia shows the actual conditions to exceed in horror those which were supposed to be the case. Official figures published yesterday show that up to the present date there have been 182,237 cases reported.

Out of this number there have been 83,613 deaths—as many as resulted from the terrible black plague that swept over early England.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 16.—Cholera has appeared in Siberia on the Siberian border.

RAILROAD DISASTER IN MISSOURI FATAL

HOLT, Missouri, September 17.—One dead and eighteen injured in the result of a disaster that occurred near here late last night on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad. Two passenger coaches, running at full speed, crashed into each other head on, the mail coaches telescoping. No cause is yet assigned for the accident.

RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR DYING OF APOPLEXY

PARIS, September 17.—The Russian ambassador to France was struck by apoplexy last night and is in a dying condition.

TURNED DOWN PROPOSAL TO COMBINE CITIES

BERKELEY, September 16.—The project of annexing Berkeley to Oakland, which has been agitated for years, has been again defeated. The advocates of a "greater Oakland" are seeking to combine Berkeley, Alameda and Oakland, with suburbs. In one big municipal corporation. Berkeleyites have vigorously fought the proposition for years, and today they repeated their former expressions against it. The campaign for combination will nevertheless be continued.

TRADE RELATIONS ARE INCREASED BY TARIFF

WASHINGTON, September 16.—Treasury department figures made public today show that American trade with the Philippines has increased eighty-four per cent, since the new tariff law went into effect.

STAUNCH SUPPORTER OF CANNON DEFEATED

CHICAGO, September 16.—Three insurgents have been nominated in the Republican primaries, one of them defeating Congressman Henry S. Routell, of the ninth district, who is now serving his sixth term in congress, and was one of the prominent regulars. Routell was a member of the committee on rules, and stood by Speaker Cannon in the fight in the last session. He was defeated by Gansberger.

In the eleventh district Gansberger was nominated to succeed Congressman Knapp, and in the thirteenth McKenzie defeated Congressman Lowden.

In the several affairs committee, and a regular against whom a bitter fight was waged, won by 500 plurality. CHICAGO, September 16.—Congressman Routell has announced that he will run independently for congress.